

## VEGF-A rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES7496

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name VEGF-A rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

**Applications** WB;IF;IHC;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Pig; Rabbit

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.IF: 1:50-200

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human VEGF-A. AA

range:110-159

**Specificity** VEGF-A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of VEGF-A protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Store at -20°C.** Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Vascular endothelial growth factor A

Gene Name VEGFA

Cellular localization Secreted . VEGF121 is acidic and freely secreted.

VEGF165 is more basic, has heparin-binding properties and, although a significant proportion remains cell-associated, most is freely secreted. VEGF189 is very basic, it is cell-associated after

secretion a

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 21kD(monomer),42kD(dimer)

Human Gene ID 7422 Human Swiss-Prot Number P15692

Alternative Names VEGFA; VEGF; Vascular endothelial growth factor A;

VEGF-A; Vascular permeability factor; VPF



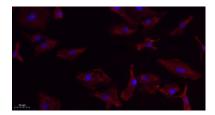
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**Background** 

This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family. It encodes a heparin-binding protein, which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. This growth factor induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells, and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Disruption of this gene in mice resulted in abnormal embryonic blood vessel formation. This gene is upregulated in many known tumors and its expression is correlated with tumor stage and progression. Elevated levels of this protein are found in patients with POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with microvascular complications of diabetes 1 (MVCD1) and atherosclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. There is also evidence for alternative translation initiation fro



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549. 1,primary
Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C overnight). 2, Goat
Anti Rabbit IgG (H&L) - Alexa Fluor 594 Secondary
antibody was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature,
50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min.

