



Olfactory receptor O13C2/9 rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES6088

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	Olfactory receptor O13C2/9 rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human OR13C2/13C9. AA range:232-281
Specificity	Olfactory receptor O13C2/9 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Olfactory receptor O13C2/9 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Olfactory receptor 13C2/9
Gene Name	OR13C2/OR13C9
Cellular localization	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	36kD
Human Gene ID	392376/286362
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q8NGS9/Q8NGT0
Alternative Names	OR13C2; Olfactory receptor 13C2; Olfactory receptor OR9-12; OR13C9; Olfactory receptor 13C9; Olfactory receptor OR9-13
Background	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory



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receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

