

GABAA Rβ2 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES5430

For research use only

Overview

Product Name GABAA Rβ2 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat

Recommended dilutions WB 1:500-2000 Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 -

1/300. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human GABAA Rbeta2. AA

range:382-431

Specificity GABAA Rβ2 Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of GABAA Rβ2 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-2

Gene Name GABRB2

Cellular localization Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane;

Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cytoplasmic vesicle

membrane.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band

Human Gene ID 2561 Human Swiss-Prot Number P47870

Alternative Names GABRB2; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor

subunit beta-2; GABA(A) receptor subunit beta-2

Background The gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor is

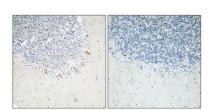
a multisubunit chloride channel that mediates the



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fastest inhibitory synaptic transmission in the central nervous system. This gene encodes GABA A receptor, beta 2 subunit. It is mapped to chromosome 5q34 in a cluster comprised of genes encoding alpha 1 and gamma 2 subunits of the GABA A receptor. Alternative splicing of this gene generates 2 transcript variants, differing by a 114 bp insertion. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by i

