

## Midline-1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES2789

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name Midline-1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human TRI18. AA

range:71-120

**Specificity** Midline-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of Midline-1 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Midline-1
Gene Name MID1

**Cellular localization** Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cytoplasm,

cytoskeleton, spindle. Microtubule-associated. It is associated with microtubules throughout the cell cycle, co-localizing with cytoplasmic fibers in interphase and with the mitotic spindle and midbodies during mitosis and cytokinesis.

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 75kD
Human Gene ID 4281
Human Swiss-Prot Number O15344

Alternative Names MID1; FXY; RNF59; TRIM18; XPRF; Midline-1; Midin;



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**Background** 

293

70--

55-40-35--25-

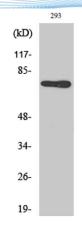
Midline 1 RING finger protein; Putative transcription factor XPRF; RING finger protein 59; Tripartite motif-containing protein 18 midline 1(MID1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family, also known as the 'RING-B box-coiled coil' (RBCC) subgroup of RING finger proteins. The TRIM motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. This protein forms homodimers which associate with microtubules in the cytoplasm. The protein is likely involved in the formation of multiprotein structures acting as anchor points to microtubules. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the X-linked form of Opitz syndrome, which is characterized by midline abnormalities such as cleft lip, laryngeal cleft, heart defects, hypospadias, and agenesis of the corpus callosum. This gene was also the first example of a gene subject to X inactivation in human while escaping it in mouse. Multiple different transcript variants are generated by alternate splicing; however, t

TRI18

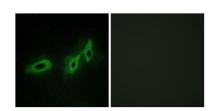
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Midline-1 Polyclonal Antibody







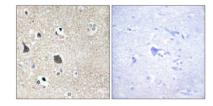
Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Midline-1 Polyclonal Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using TRI18 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using TRI18 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



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