

Chemokine Receptor D6 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES1968

For research use only

Overview

Product Name Chemokine Receptor D6 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA **Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

The antiserum was produced against synthesize.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human CCBP2. AA

range:335-384

Specificity Chemokine Receptor D6 Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of Chemokine Receptor D6

protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Chemokine-binding protein 2

Gene Name CCBP2

Cellular localization Early endosome. Recycling endosome. Cell

membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Predominantly localizes to endocytic vesicles, and upon stimulation by the ligand is internalized via clathrin-coated pits. Once internalized, the ligand dissociates from the receptor, and is targeted to degradation while the receptor is recycled back to

the cell membrane.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

ClonalityPolyclonalConcentration1 mg/mlObserved band34kD





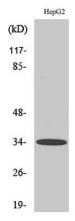
Human Gene ID Human Swiss-Prot Number Alternative Names

1238 000590

CCBP2; CCR10; CMKBR9; Chemokine-binding protein 2; C-C chemokine receptor D6; Chemokine receptor CCR-10; Chemokine receptor CCR-9; Chemokine-binding protein D6

Background

This gene encodes a beta chemokine receptor, which is predicted to be a seven transmembrane protein similar to G protein-coupled receptors. Chemokines and their receptor-mediated signal transduction are critical for the recruitment of effector immune cells to the inflammation site. This gene is expressed in a range of tissues and hemopoietic cells. The expression of this receptor in lymphatic endothelial cells and overexpression in vascular tumors suggested its function in chemokine-driven recirculation of leukocytes and possible chemokine effects on the development and growth of vascular tumors. This receptor appears to bind the majority of beta-chemokine family members; however, its specific function remains unknown. This gene is mapped to chromosome 3p21.3, a region that includes a cluster of chemokine receptor genes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

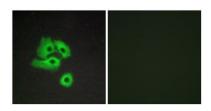


Western Blot analysis of various cells using Chemokine Receptor D6 Polyclonal Antibody



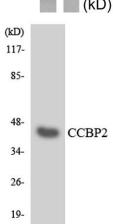


Immunofluorescence analysis of COS7 cells, using CCBP2 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



HepG2 -- 117 -- 85 -- 48 -- 34 -- 26 -- 19 (kD)

Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using CCBP2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HT-29 cells using CCBP2 antibody.

