

DCLK1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES16993

For research use only

Overview

Product Name DCLK1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse;Rat Recommended dilutions WB 1: 500-2000

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human DCLK1 AA

range: 514-564

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of DCLK1 at

Human/Mouse/Rat

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name DCLK1

Gene Name DCLK1 DCAMKL1 DCDC3A KIAA0369

Cellular localization intracellular, integral component of plasma

membrane, postsynaptic density,

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band

Human Gene ID 9201 Human Swiss-Prot Number 015075

Alternative Names

Background This gene encodes a member of the protein kinase

superfamily and the doublecortin family. The protein

encoded by this gene contains two N-terminal

doublecortin domains, which bind microtubules and regulate microtubule polymerization, a C-terminal serine/threonine protein kinase domain, which

shows substantial homology to

Ca2+/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase, and a



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serine/proline-rich domain in between the doublecortin and the protein kinase domains, which mediates multiple protein-protein interactions. The microtubule-polymerizing activity of the encoded protein is independent of its protein kinase activity. The encoded protein is involved in several different cellular processes, including neuronal migration, retrograde transport, neuronal apoptosis and neurogenesis. This gene is up-regulated by brain-derived neurotrophic factor and associated with memory and general cognitive abilities. Multiple transcript variants generated by two alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing have been reported, but the full-length nature and biological validity of some variants have not been defined. These variants encode different isoforms, which are differentially expressed and have different kinase activities.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010],





