



H2B2E rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES15845

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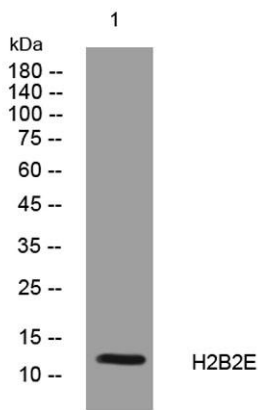
Overview

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|---------------------------------|--|
| Product Name | H2B2E rabbit pAb |
| Host species | Rabbit |
| Applications | WB |
| Species Cross-Reactivity | Human; Mouse |
| Recommended dilutions | WB 1: 500-2000 |
| Immunogen | Synthesized peptide derived from human H2B2E AA range: 18-68 |
| Specificity | This antibody detects endogenous levels of H2B2E at Human/Mouse |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Protein Name | H2B2E |
| Gene Name | HIST2H2BE H2BFQ |
| Cellular localization | Nucleus. Chromosome. |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Observed band | |
| Human Gene ID | 8349 |
| Human Swiss-Prot Number | Q16778 |
| Alternative Names | |
| Background | Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order |





structures. This gene encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2B family, and generates two transcripts through the use of the conserved stem-loop termination motif, and the polyA addition motif. The protein has antibacterial and antifungal antimicrobial activity. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015],



Western blot analysis of lysates from U2OS cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night

