

Smad2 (phospho Ser467) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES1458

For research use only

Overview

Product Name Smad2 (phospho Ser467) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA **Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Mouse;Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human Smad2 around the phosphorylation site of Ser467. AA range:418-467 Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody detects

Specificity Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Smad2 protein only when

chaogenous levels of smaaz protein only whe

phosphorylated at S467.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2

Gene Name SMAD2

Cellular localization Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasmic and nuclear in

the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:9865696, PubMed:21145499). On

dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and

epiblast stages (By similarity). .

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.



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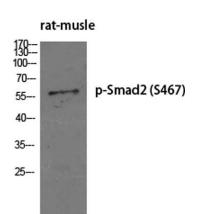
Clonality
Concentration
Observed band
Human Gene ID
Human Swiss-Prot Number
Alternative Names

Polyclonal 1 mg/ml 58kD 4087 O15796

Background

decapentaplegic homolog 2; MAD homolog 2; Mothers against DPP homolog 2; JV18-1; Mad-related protein 2; hMAD-2; SMAD family member 2; SMAD 2; Smad2; hSMAD2 The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4 is important for the translocation

SMAD2; MADH2; MADR2; Mothers against



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

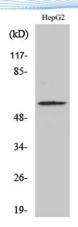


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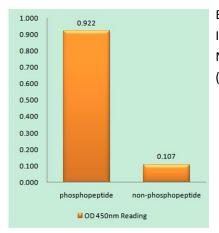
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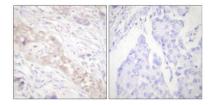




Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Smad2 (Phospho-Ser467) Antibody



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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Smad2 (Phospho-Ser467) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

