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SHIP-1 (phospho Tyr1021) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES1430

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	SHIP-1 (phospho Tyr1021) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IF;ELISA;IHC
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	WB 1:500-2000; IF/ICC 1:50-200;ELISA 1:2000-20000;IHC-p 1:50-200
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SHIP1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1021. AA range:987-1036
Specificity	Phospho-SHIP-1 (Y1021) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SHIP-1 protein only when phosphorylated at Y1021.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 5-phosphatase 1
Gene Name	INPP5D
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Membrane raft . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Translocates to the plasma membrane when activated, translocation is probably due to different mechanisms depending on the stimulus and cell type. Translocates from the cytoplasm to membrane ruffles in a FCGR3/CD16-dependent manner. Colocalizes with FC-gamma-RIIB receptor (FCGR2B) or FCGR3/CD16 at membrane ruffles. Tyrosine phosphorylation may also participate in membrane localization. .
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

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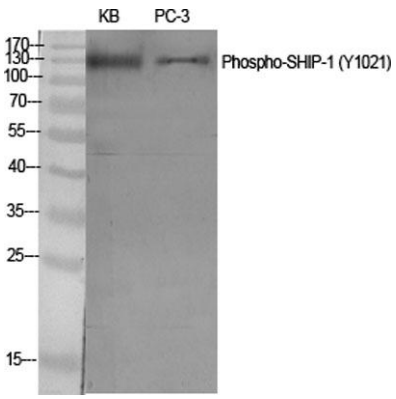
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	133kD
Human Gene ID	3635
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q92835
Alternative Names	INPP5D; SHIP; SHIP1; Phosphatidylinositol 3; 4,5-trisphosphate 5-phosphatase 1; Inositol polyphosphate-5-phosphatase of 145 kDa; SIP-145; SH2 domain-containing inositol 5'-phosphatase 1; SH2 domain-containing inositol phosphatase 1; SHIP-1;
Background	This gene is a member of the inositol polyphosphate-5-phosphatase (INPP5) family and encodes a protein with an N-terminal SH2 domain, an inositol phosphatase domain, and two C-terminal protein interaction domains. Expression of this protein is restricted to hematopoietic cells where its movement from the cytosol to the plasma membrane is mediated by tyrosine phosphorylation. At the plasma membrane, the protein hydrolyzes the 5' phosphate from phosphatidylinositol (3,4,5)-trisphosphate and inositol-1,3,4,5-tetrakisphosphate, thereby affecting multiple signaling pathways. The protein is also partly localized to the nucleus, where it may be involved in nuclear inositol phosphate signaling processes. Overall, the protein functions as a negative regulator of myeloid cell proliferation and survival. Mutations in this gene are associated with defects and cancers of the immune system. A



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-SHIP-1 (Y1021) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

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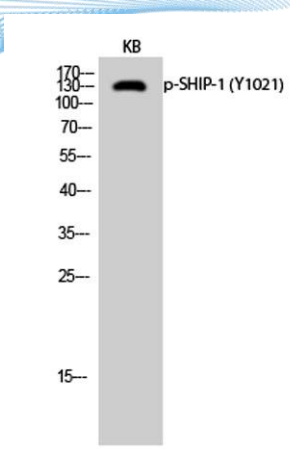
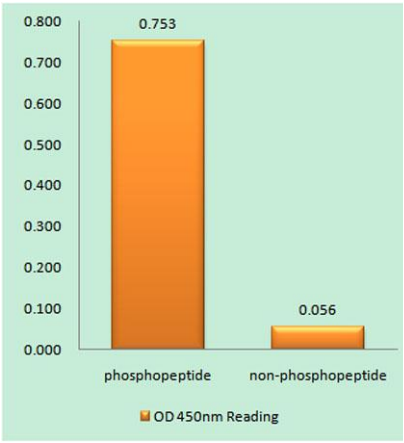
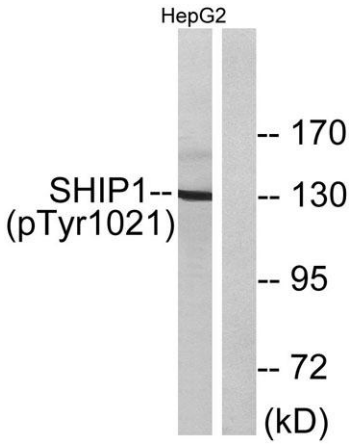


Western Blot analysis of KB cells using Phospho-SHIP-1 (Y1021) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using SHIP1 (Phospho-Tyr1021) Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with TNF 200NG/ML 30', using SHIP1 (Phospho-Tyr1021) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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