

RPGF2 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES10093

For research use only

Overview

Product Name RPGF2 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Rat;Mouse

Recommended dilutions WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at

AA range: 190-270

Specificity RPGF2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Rap guanine nucleotide exchange factor 2 (Neural

RAP guanine nucleotide exchange protein) (nRap GEP) (PDZ domain-containing guanine nucleotide

exchange factor 1) (PDZ-GEF1) (RA-GEF)

Gene Name RAPGEF2 KIAA0313 NRAPGEP PDZGEF1

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Cell

membrane. Late endosome. Cell junction . Associated with the synaptic plasma membrane.

Colocalizes with ADRB1 at the plasma membrane.

Synaptosome. Enriched in synaptic plasma

membrane and neuronal cell body. Colocalized with CTNNB1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Localized diffusely in the cytoplasm before neuronal growth

factor (NGF) stimulation. Recruited to late

endosomes after NGF stimulation. Colocalized with the high affinity nerve growth factor receptor NTRK1 at late endosomes. Translocated to the perinuclear region in a RAP1A-dependent manner. Translocated

to the cell membrane. .

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using



epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 164kD
Human Gene ID 9693
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q9Y4G8

Alternative Names

Background

Members of the RAS (see HRAS; MIM 190020) subfamily of GTPases function in signal transduction as GTP/GDP-regulated switches that cycle between inactive GDP- and active GTP-bound states. Guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs), such as RAPGEF2, serve as RAS activators by promoting acquisition of GTP to maintain the active GTP-bound state and are the key link between cell surface receptors and RAS activation (Rebhun et al., 2000 [PubMed 10934204]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar

2008],